

भारत सरकार, रेल मंत्रालय
GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
MINISTRY OF RAILWAYS



कर्षण संस्थापन निदेशालय

TRACTION INSTALLATION DIRECTORATE

TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION

**BATTERY CHARGER FOR 110 VOLT BATTERY, 200/250 AH
AT TRACTION SUB- STATION FOR
25 KV/2X25KV ELECTRIC TRACTION INSTALLATION**

SPECIFICATION NO. TI/SPC/PSI/200-250/CHGR/0210

Issue Date:.....

ISSUED BY

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA: MINISTRY OF RAILWAYS
RESEARCH DESIGNS & STANDARDS ORGANISATION
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SPECIFICATION FOR battery charger for 110 Volt battery, 200/250 Ah at Traction Sub-station for 25kV / 2x25 kV electric traction installation

SPECIFICATION NUMBER: TI/SPC//PSI/200-250/CHGR/0210

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| DESIGNATION | SSE/PR | DTI/ III | PEDTI |

1.0 Scope

- 1.1 The specification applies to the design, manufacture, supply and erection & commissioning of battery chargers for charging 110 V, 200/250 Ah lead acid batteries installed at unattended 25 kV/ 2x25 kV traction sub-station.
- 1.2 The battery chargers shall be complete with all parts and accessories necessary for their efficient operation. All such parts and accessories shall be deemed to be within the scope of this specification whether specifically mentioned or not.
- 1.3 The “Make in India” Policy of Government of India shall be applicable.
- 1.4 This specification supersedes specification no. ETI/PSI/24 (06/81).

2.0 Service conditions

- 2.1 The battery chargers are intended for use in moist tropical climate in India, with following atmospheric conditions:

| SN | Description | Value |
|------|--|---------------------------------------|
| i. | Maximum ambient air temperature | 55 ⁰ C |
| ii. | Minimum ambient air temperature | -10 ⁰ C |
| iii. | Maximum relative humidity | 100% saturation during raining season |
| iv. | Maximum number of thunder storm days per annum | 85 days |
| v. | Maximum Number of dust storms days per annum | 35 days |
| vi. | Altitude | Not exceeding 2000 meters. |

- 2.2 The battery chargers are required for installation in control rooms of unattended 25 & 2x25 kV traction substations. The charger shall also be suitable for effecting quick charge to a discharged battery when set to the boost charge position. The steady super-imposed load on the charger will be about 1 Amp. The masonry control cubicles are situated close to the Railway tracks and hence the Panels are subjected to vibrations due to running trains.
- 2.3 The battery charger shall be suitable for operation on 240Volt single phase, 50 Hz supply obtained from 25 kV /240volts, 10 kVA LT supply transformer, the primary of which is connected to the 25 kV switching station bus bars at one end and to earth at the other. The 240V ac supply is, therefore, subject to fluctuations of voltage between 170V and 270Volt.

3.0 Governing Specification.

- 3.1 The battery charger and its main component shall comply with the following specifications which shall be applied in manner, altered, amended or supplemented by this specification and the Indian Electricity Rules, where applicable.

| | | |
|-------|--|-------------------------------|
| i. | Mono crystalline semiconductor rectifier assemblies and equipment. | IS: 4540-1968 IS:6619-1972 |
| ii. | Rectifier transformer | IS:2026-1977 |
| iii. | Mono crystalline semiconductor rectifier cells and stacks. | IS: 3896-1966 |
| iv. | Electrical indicating instruments | IS:1248-1968 IS:2419-1979 |
| v. | Miniature circuit breaker. | IS: 8828-1978 |
| vi. | Specification for HRC fuses | IS:2208 |
| vii. | Specification for wiring | IS:375/1963 |
| viii. | Air break contactor/switch | IS:13947/1993 |
| ix. | Printed circuit board | IS:5421/1981, IS: 5921 |

| | | |
|-----|---|---------|
| x. | Safety code for semiconductor rectifier Equipment | IS:6619 |
| xi. | AC contactors for voltage not exceeding 1000V | IS:2959 |

3.2 Any deviation from this specification calculated to improve the performance, utility and efficiency of the equipment, proposed by the vendor, will be given due consideration, provided, full particulars with justification thereof, are furnished. In such a case the vendor shall quote according to this specification and the deviations proposed by him shall be quoted as an alternative proposal.

4.0 Rating and other particulars

4.1 The battery charger shall be designed for the following rating and other particulars:

| | |
|--------------------------------------|--|
| i) Type | Two-rate, mono crystalline semi-conductor Silicon controlled rectifier type, suitable for floor mounting. |
| ii) Nominal primary voltage. | 240V 50 Hz ac, subject to variation from 170 to 270V. |
| iii) Nominal output voltage. | 110 V dc. |
| iv) Charging characteristics: | |
| a. Trickle charge | <u>Battery charger for 200/250 Ah Ah battery</u> Adjustable between 0.5A & 7A in suitable steps to suit for both rating of batteries at any voltage in the range 115 V to 135 V. |
| b. Boost charge: | <u>Battery charger for 200/250 Ah battery</u> Adjustable between 10 A and 30A in suitable steps to suit for both rating of batteries at any voltage in the range 100 V to 150 V. |
| c. Load current while boost charging | 25A continuously for 200 Ah charger and 30A continuously for 250 Ah charger |
| --- | Suitable selector switch to select battery type shall be provided for continuous current. |

4.2 The battery charger shall be equipped with suitable filter circuits on the output side to reduce the ripple factor of output voltage to less than five per cent at rated current of 25A and 30A each by setting selector switch, when measured across a resistance load. Ripple to be measured at 25A & 30A.

Note: Ripple factor=Superimposed AC rms voltage /DC voltage (average)

4.3 The battery charger shall be designed in such a way that input supply variation in the range of 170V to 270 V, the output for both trickle and boost charge condition shall not result in an increase or decrease by more than +/- 2.5% of the preset value.

5.0 Construction

5.1 The equipment shall be housed in a suitable cubicle fabricated as angle iron framework fitted with mild steel sheet panels of thickness not less than 1.6 mm. The side and rear panels shall be provided with louvers to provide adequate ventilation. Wire mesh with opening not more than 3 mm shall be provided on the inner side of the louvers for protection against entry of lizards, vermin etc.

5.2 The sheet steel as well as other steel works shall be properly treated and then an under coat suitable to serve as base and binder for the finishing coat shall be applied. The exterior, interior and base frame of the panel shall be epoxy powder coated with industrially accepted Siemens gray shade followed by at least 200-degree bake ovening. The finish shall be virtually scratchproof with all metal surfaces coated to a uniform thickness on the powder coat line.

To avoid rusting of the panels during service, the following pre-treatment through seven-tank process shall be ensured prior to painting:

- Degreasing
- Rinsing (Water wash)
- Pickling (Acid pickling)
- Rinsing (Water wash)
- Zinc Phosphating
- Rinsing (Water wash)
- Drying
- ▪ Powder coating & curing

If any painted surface gets damaged during transit, the surface finish shall be restored at site after erection by vendor.

- 5.3 The components of the battery charger shall be appropriately mounted and identified with identification labels. The layout of major components shall permit easy access for maintenance. The charger shall be of robust construction. The assembly shall be such that it will not be affected adversely by the vibrations induced from nearby railway tracks. The clearances and creepage distances shall be in accordance with clause 4 of IS: 6619-1972. The noise level shall be kept to the minimum.
- 5.4 The rectifier transformer shall be double wound, vacuum impregnated, natural air cooled and liberally rated. The core shall be made of low loss silicon steel laminations. The winding shall be of copper with class B insulation. The primary winding of the transformer shall be provided with suitable taps in steps of 20 V ranging from 170V to 270V to cater for local adjustment.
- 5.5 Chokes and ballast shall be of copper winding with class- B insulation and shall be vacuum impregnated.
- 5.6 The rectifier shall be of the half or full wave-controlled bridge connection using silicon thyristors or silicon thyristors and diodes with liberal ratings. The rectifier shall be suitably protected against overloading due to short time heavy currents drawn during closing of the circuit breakers, short circuits, over voltages and against inrush currents when charging full discharged batteries.
- 5.7 The switches, meters and fuses shall be flush mounted on the front panel and shall be purchased from reputed manufacturers. These shall conform to relevant Indian Standards specifications.
- 5.8 The volt meters and ammeters shall be of flush mounted type of accuracy class 2.5 as per IS: 1248-1968 or latest. Latest digital or Analog meter for each with better accuracy shall be provided.
- 5.9 The control wiring inside the charger shall be with 1100 V grade PVC insulated copper cable having a minimum cross-section of 2.5 sq. mm for current carrying, voltage sensing and 1.5 sq. mm for electronic portion & conforming to IS: 694-2010. The size of wire for power circuit shall be as per battery charger rating. The cables shall be suitably supported and provided with identification ferrules the connecting points.
- 5.10 The AC input and the DC output terminals shall be of robust design and shall be suitable for PVC copper cable connections. The polarity of output DC terminals shall be clearly marked.
- 5.11 (i) The battery charger shall be provided with facility for both automatic and manual control – which shall control both Float & Boost functions as to be installed at unattended 25 kV & 2x25 kV switching stations
(ii) It shall have current limiting facility, if the voltage control is in an automatic mode and

shall cause a gradual stepped lowering of the output voltage when the DC load current exceeds the load limiting setting.

(iii) The charger shall have an adjustable current limiting facility- brought about by changing the charging voltage in a stepped manner, also for safe guarding the Battery.

(iv) Uniform and smooth stepped adjustments of voltage setting (in both manual and automatic modes) shall be provided.

(v) During boost charging, the battery charger shall operate on constant current mode best achievable by stepped voltage control.

(vi) The current limiting characteristics shall be such that any overload or short circuit in the DC system shall not damage the charger, and will lower the output voltage immediately to avoid blowing of any of the charger fuses.

To prevent any failures of the automation platform creating hazards in the field, it is recommended that fuses blow rather than risk life and high voltage output.

(vii) A lead acid battery charger should switch to float charge when fully saturated when operating in automatic mode.

(viii) Soft start feature shall be provided in the system using automatic stepped voltage control.

5.12 (i) The battery charger shall have suitable NO/NC contact for interfacing with RTU to display input mains fail, input fuse fail/MCB trip, output MCB/MCCB trip/fuse fail, DC over voltage, DC under voltage, earth leakage etc. at RCC.

(ii) Battery charger shall also have feature to switch ON/OFF from remote through SCADA system only in auto mode.

(iii) In case of manual to auto mode system shall seamlessly switch.

6.0 Fittings and accessories

The following fittings and accessories shall be provided on the battery charger:

- i) LED indication for input on and out put on
- ii) LED indication for trickle status ON/OFF, Boost status ON/OFF
- iii) A double pole miniature circuit breaker along with a backup slide lock type HRC fuse on AC side.
- iv) Two numbers slide lock type HRC fuses on DC side.
- v) Analog or digital voltmeter 0-200 V on DC side.
- vi) Analog or digital ammeter 0-15A/0-45A separately or dual range for trickle and boost current
- vii) Analog or Digital voltmeter 0-300 V on AC side.
- viii) Trickle/boost charge changeover switch along with provision for appropriate selection of ammeter.
- ix) Auto/Manual/OFF selector switch
- x) Coarse and fine rotary control/switches or step less smooth control through potentiometer for trickle and boost charge.
- xi) Step less smooth control through potentiometer for trickle voltage adjustment in auto mode.
- xii) Rating and diagram plate.
- xiii) Two earthing terminals suitable for taking 8 SWG GI wires.

7.0 Type tests

Following type tests shall be carried out on the prototype complete charger.

7.1 Tests on complete charger

7.1.1 Visual inspection

The proper layout, mounting, identification, connections and construction shall be checked.

7.1.2 No-load test

The test shall be carried out at all the six primary tap position by applying appropriate rated primary voltage corresponding to the selected tap position. The DC output voltage at no load shall be recorded for the both boost and trickle charge positions by keeping coarse and fine control switches at different steps.

7.1.3 Load tests with resistance load.

Test shall be carried out at all the six primary tap positions by applying appropriate rated primary voltage corresponding to the selected tap position. An adjustable resistance load shall be connected across the output terminals and the output voltage with coarse and fine control switches at different steps shall be recorded by maintaining the load current to the set value as nearly as possible. Change in the set value of load current on account of change in output voltage at different steps shall be readjusted by simultaneously changing the load resistance. The tests shall be carried out individually from minimum and maximum current values specified under trickle and boost charge conditions:

7.1.4 Measurement of ripple factor

Ripple voltage on DC side shall also be measured during the load test (cl. 7.1.3) and the percentage ripple content shall be calculated.

7.1.5 Efficiency test

This test can be combined with no load test and load test for which details have been indicated in cl. 7.1.2 and 7.1.3 respectively. For this test, input current, voltage and power on the AC side shall also be recorded at the minimum and maximum output voltages. The efficiency and the power factor shall then be computed from the test results.

7.1.6 Stability test

Test shall be carried out to ascertain that the battery charger satisfies the requirements indicated in cl. 4.3 of this specification. It shall be sufficient to carry out the test at any input voltage, however, 240V AC input voltage shall be preferred for this test. At nominal voltage 240V AC input, the output voltage and current shall be adjusted through resistance load for setting required value. In this condition, note down the output voltage and current in respect of nominal voltage i.e., 240V AC input. Then increase the input supply voltage upto 270V AC by adjusting input manual variac, the output voltage and current shall again be noted down. The test shall be separately carried out for trickle and boost charge condition and percentage increase in charging current on account of 270V AC supply voltage shall not exceed 2.5%.

7.1.7 Temperature rise test

The test shall be carried out with charger in boost charge position and output voltage set to maximum. A suitable resistance load shall be connected across the output and load current shall be adjusted to the maximum rated current under boost charge. The ambient temperature, surface temperature of transformer, chokes, SCR and diode base etc. shall be recorded every half an hour till such time the temperature is stabilised (i.e., the temp. rise will not be more than 1 deg. C between consecutive hourly readings). The temp. rise of transformer winding, choke and ballast measured by the resistance method shall not exceed 50 deg. C. The diode base temp. rise shall be within the prescribed value recommended by the manufacturer.

7.1.8 Insulation resistance test

Insulation resistance shall be measured by using 500 V dc megger between-

7.1.8.1 AC input terminals to earth

7.1.8.2 DC output terminals to earth

7.1.8.3 Between AC input terminals and DC output terminals.

These values shall be measured before and after the high voltage test and there shall

not be any appreciable change in the measured values. The value of insulation resistance shall not be less than 50 mega Ohms in any case.

7.1.9 High voltage test

The charger shall successfully withstand the test voltage of 2000 V ac rms 50 Hz for one minute applied between-

7.1.9.1 DC output terminals and earth

7.1.9.2 AC input terminals and earth.

7.1.10 Test 7.1.2 to 7.1.7 shall be carried out separately for manual and auto mode. Recreate all failure cases of clause no. 5.12 and check proper functionality of NO/NC contact.

7.2 Test of rectifier transformer

Following tests shall be carried out on the rectifier transformer:

7.2.1 Measurement of resistance.

Resistance of primary and secondary windings, shall be measured, preferably with a bridge instrument, at ambient temperature and recorded.

7.2.2 Open circuit test

Rated primary voltage shall be applied to the primary of the transformer and the primary and secondary voltages and no-load losses shall be recorded keeping coarse and fine control switches in different positions.

7.2.3 Open circuit test

With the control switches set to the max. voltages in boost charge position and the secondary shorted, suitable voltage shall be applied to primary to pass the maximum rated current in the primary and the primary voltage, current and power shall be recorded and the full load losses calculated. This shall not exceed the guaranteed value by more than 10%.

7.3 If prototype of a battery charger conforming to this specification has already been approved in connection with the previous supplies to the Indian Railways. Fresh prototype testing may be waived, if it had passed, the prototype test earlier and no changes in the design or material used, have been made.

8.0 Visual inspection & Tests

8.1 The proper layout, mounting, identification, connections and construction shall be checked.

8.2 No load test

The test shall be carried out in accordance with the cl. 7.1.2 except that the tests shall be carried out only the rated input voltage of 240 V ac.

8.3 Load test with resistance load

The tests shall be carried out in accordance with cl. 7.1.3 except that the tests shall be carried out only at the rated input voltage of 240 V ac.

8.4 Insulation resistance tests: Tests shall be carried out in accordance with cl. 7.1.8.

8.5 High voltage test: The tests shall be carried out in accordance with cl. 7.1.9.

8.6 Test 8.2 & 8.3 shall also be repeated in auto mode.

9.0 Technical data and drawings:

9.1 The vendor shall furnish guaranteed performance data, technical and other particulars for the equipment offered in the proforma attached as Annexure - A.

9.2 The vendor shall indicate their compliance or otherwise against each clause and sub-clause of the technical specification. The vendor shall for this purpose enclose a separate statement, if necessary, indicating the annexure and clause reference and compliance or otherwise. Wherever the vendor deviates from the provisions of the clause, he shall furnish his detailed remarks. Any clause or sub-clause of the specification not included in the statement shall be deemed to have been accepted by the vendor.

9.3 Successful vendor shall be required to submit the following detailed dimensioned drawings for the equipment offered as per Railways standard size of 210 mm x 297 mm or any

integral multiple thereof for approval by the purchaser along with soft copy:

- i. Outline general arrangement drawing (in three views) along with mounting dimensions.
- ii. Schematic diagram of connections along with technical details of components.
- iii. Cross –sectional views (showing location of major components).
- iv. Table of guaranteed and other technical particulars.

After approval, six copies of approved drawings along with 2 sets of reproducible copies shall be supplied to the purchaser.

- 9.4 Successful vendor shall also be required to furnish the design calculations for the rectifier transformer rating, rectifier ratings and filter circuits for approval by the purchaser.

FINAL DRAFT

Annexure – A to Specification No. TI/SPC/PSI/200-250CHGR/0210**SCHEDULE OF GUARANTEED PERFORMANCE, TECHNICAL AND OTHER PARTICULAR**

| S. No. | Description | Unit of measurement | Remark |
|--------|---|---------------------|--------|
| 1. | Name of manufacturer | | |
| 2. | Country of origin | | |
| 3. | Standard governing specification | | |
| 4. | Manufacturer's type designation. | | |
| 5. | Rated primary voltage | | |
| 6. | Nominal output voltage. | | |
| 7. | Designed capacity for charging battery of | | |
| 8. | Rated output: a. At trickle charge for charging current varying from 0.5 Amp. to 5 Amp for 200 Ah battery charger and 0.5 Amp. to 7 Amp for 250 Ah battery charger. b. At boost charge for charging current varying from 10 Amp to 25 Amp for 200 Ah battery charger and 10 Amp. to 30 Amp for 250 Ah battery charger. c. 25A continuously for 200 Ah charger, 30A continuously for 250 Ah charger, | | |
| 9. | Declared values: a. No load loss of complete charger under i. Trickle ii. Boost. b. Full load loss of complete charger under: i. Trickle ii. Boost c. Overall efficiency of charger at full load under i. Trickle ii. Boost. d. Variation in maximum charging current to battery | | |

| | | | |
|-----|--|--|--|
| | <p>with 10 % increase in supply voltage under</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> i. Trickle ii. Boost <p>e. Percentage ripple content in output voltage at full load with resistance load connected under:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> i. Trickle ii. Boost. | | |
| 10. | Thickness of sheet steel for charger cubicle. | | |
| 11. | Overall dimensions <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. Height b. Width c. Depth | | |
| 12. | Total weight | | |
| 13. | Rectifier transformer particulars: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. Name of manufacturer. b. Governing specification <ol style="list-style-type: none"> i. Rated input voltage. ii. Taps provided for variation in input voltage. iii. Rated kVA c. Type of winding. d. Type of impregnation of the winding conductors. e. Type of cooling f. Class of insulation g. Iron loss at 100% rated input voltage. h. Copper loss at full load. i. Maximum temp. rise on boost charge. (30 A) over ambient. | | |
| 14. | Rectifier particulars. <ol style="list-style-type: none"> a. Name of manufacturer. b. Governing specification c. Manufacturer's type designation. d. Total no. of rectifier cells used. e. Method of connections. f. Repetitive peak inverse voltage. g. Rated average forward current. h. Temperature rise over ambient on boost charge. | | |

| | | | |
|-----|--|--|--|
| 15. | Devices used for protection of rectifier cells against: i. Over current ii. Over voltage. | | |
| 16. | Type of smoothing filter. | | |
| 17. | Ammeter particulars. a. Name of manufacturer. b. Governing specification c. Dial size and range/ Digits d. Accuracy class. e. Type of mounting. | | |
| 18. | Voltmeter particulars: a. Name of manufacturer b. Governing specification c. Dial size and range/ Digits i. For AC ii. For DC. d. Accuracy class i. For AC ii. For DC j. Type of mounting. | | |
| 19. | Fittings and accessories: A Miniature circuit breaker. i) Make ii) Rating iii) No. of poles iv) Governing specification a. Slide lock type fuses i) Make ii) Rating b. Rotary control switches: i. Make ii. Rating. iii. Type designation. | | |